

5862260

FIG. 4

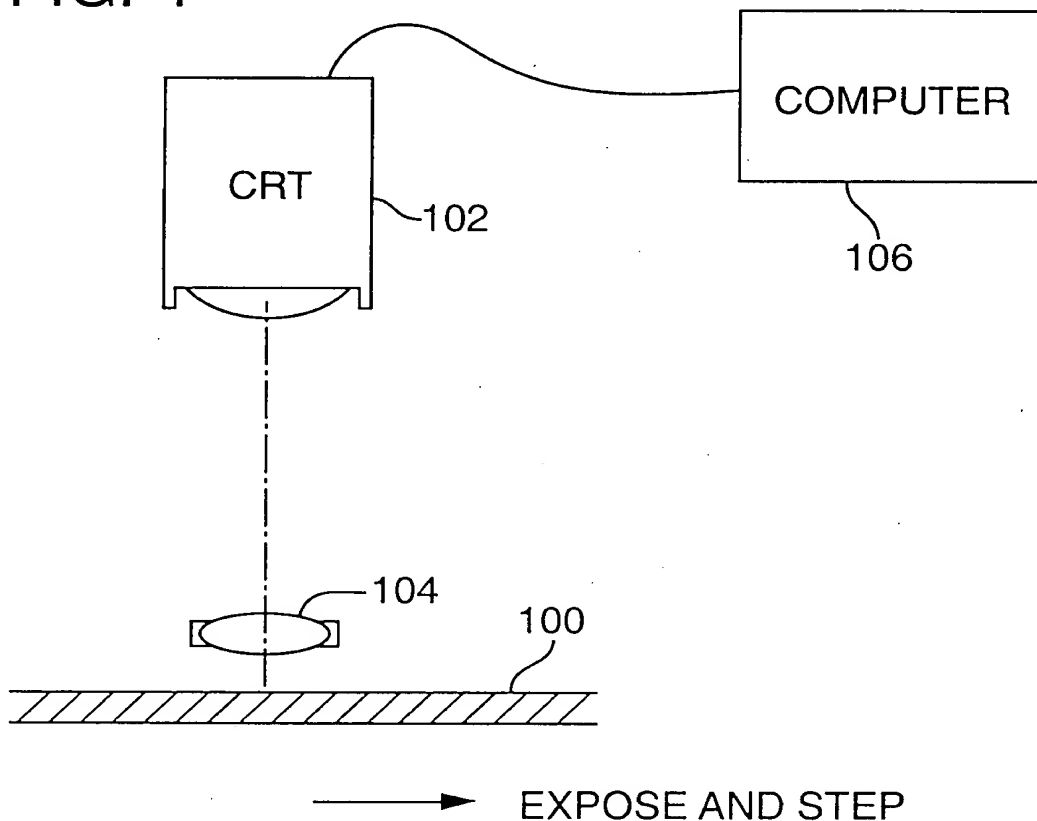


FIG. 1

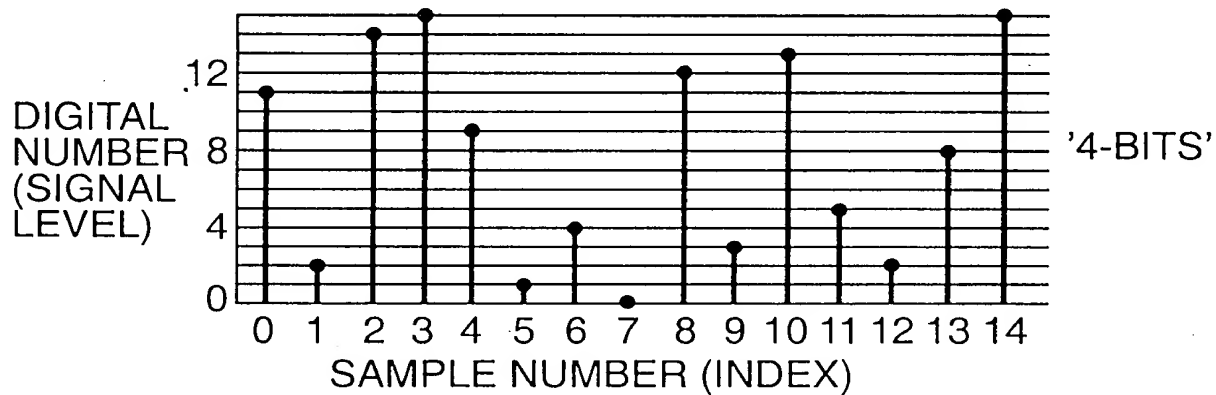
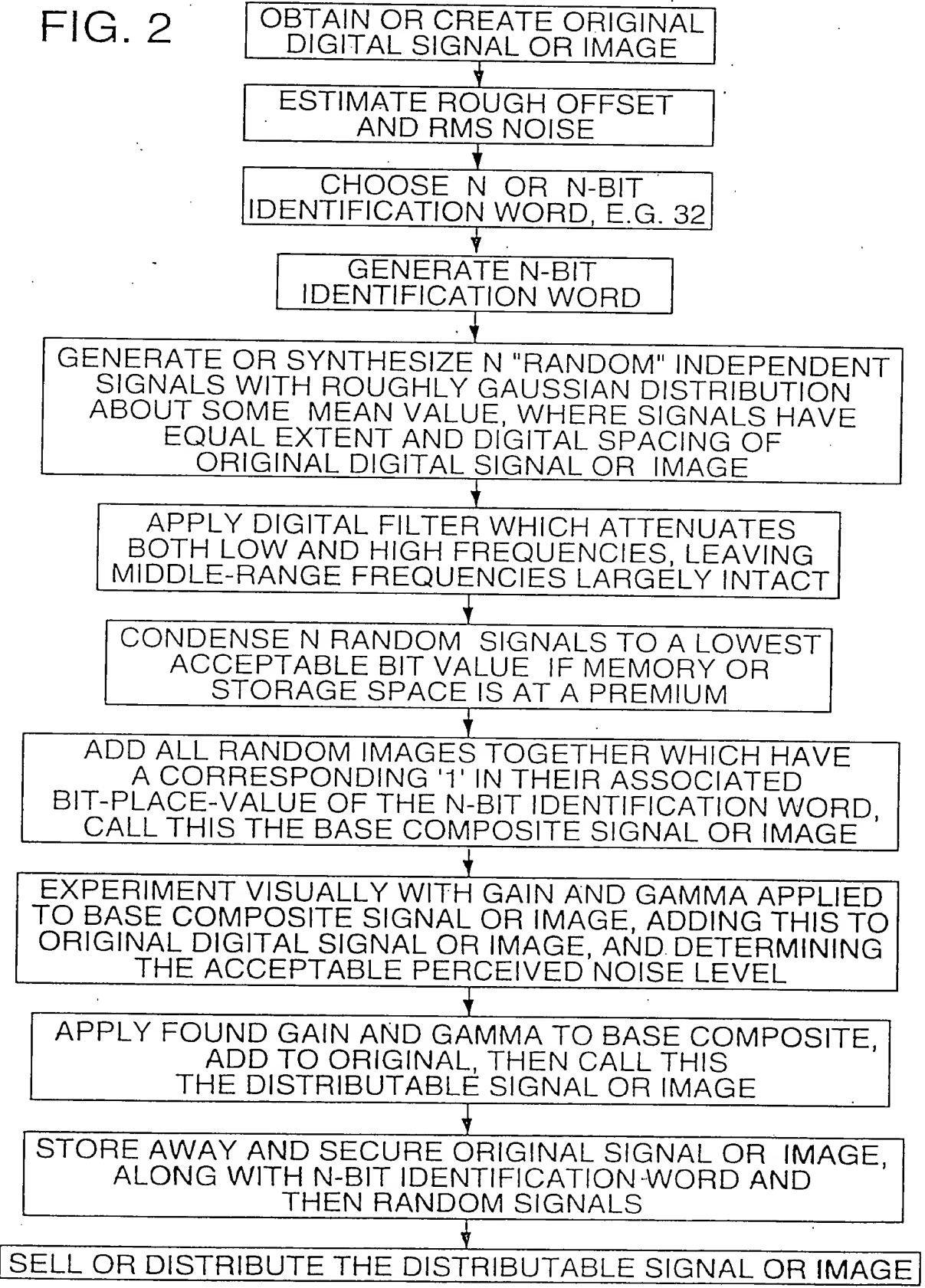


FIG. 2



APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 3

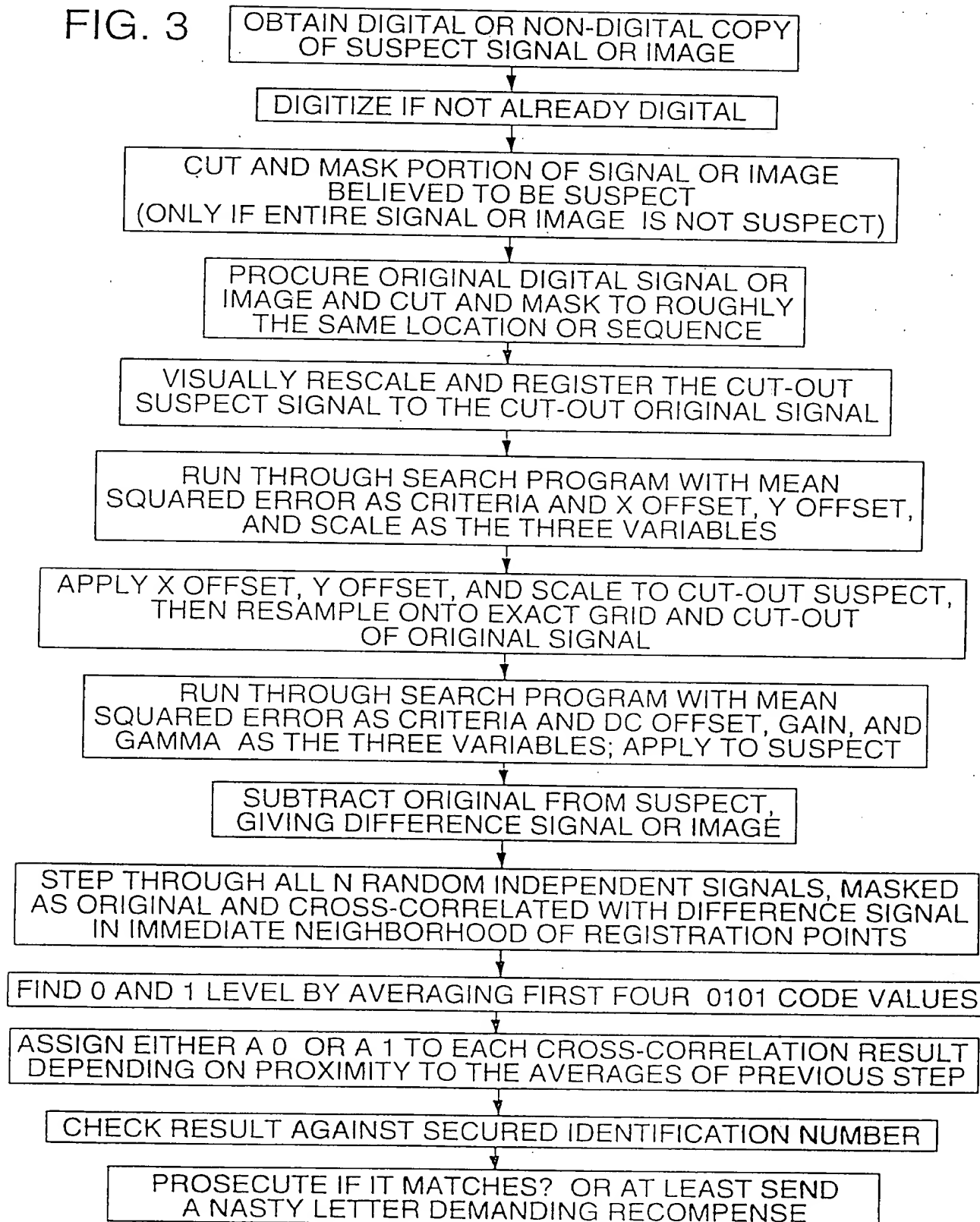


FIG. 5

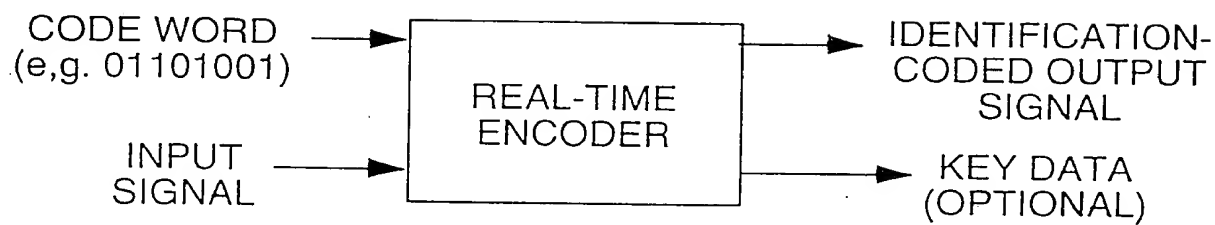
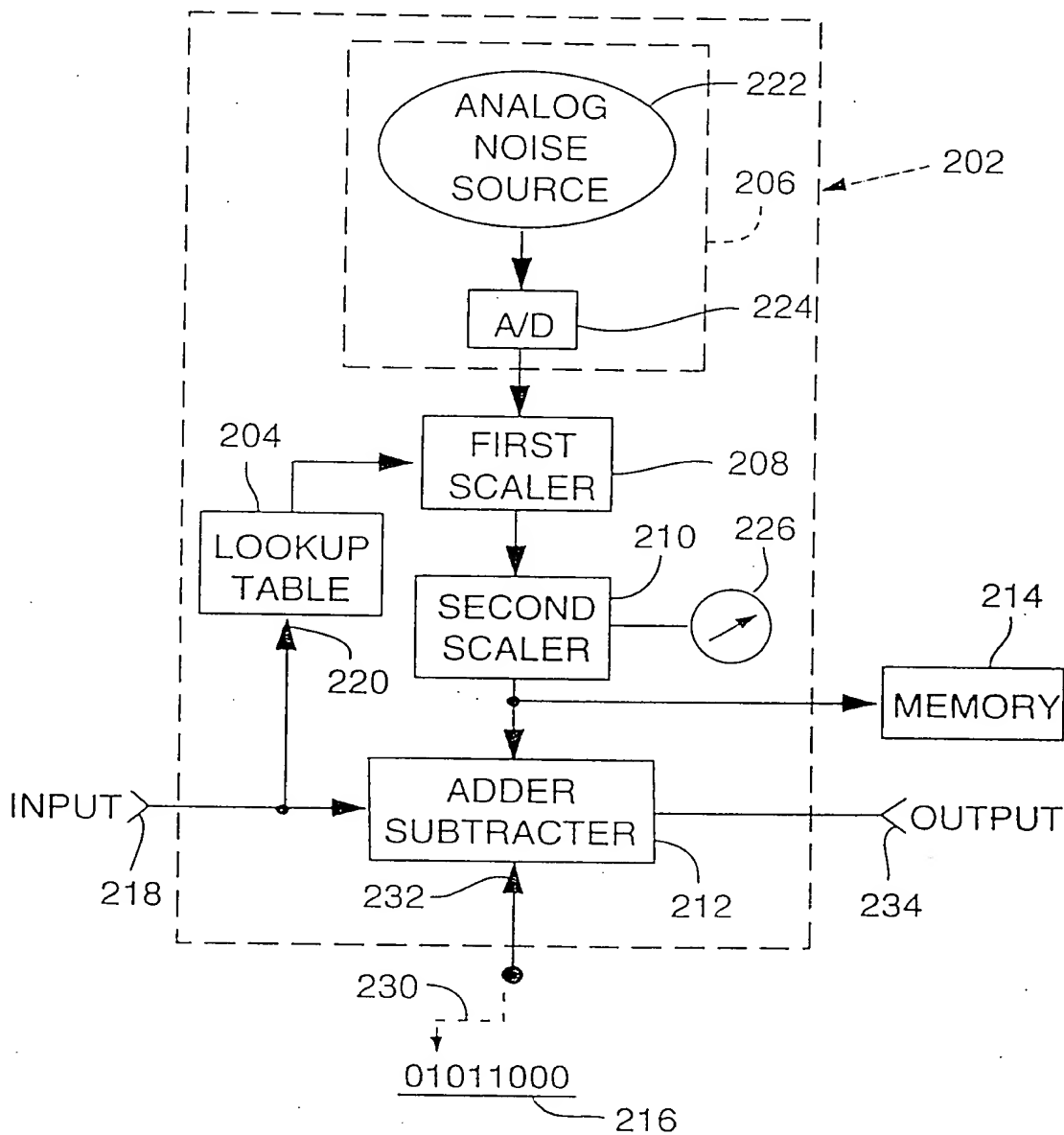


FIG. 6



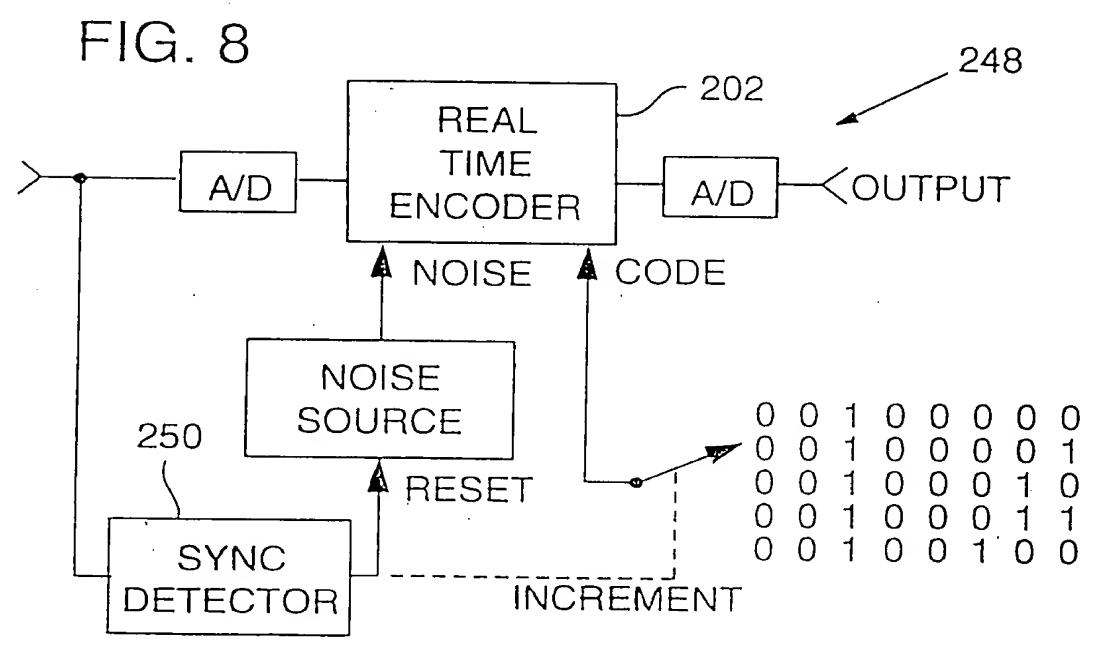
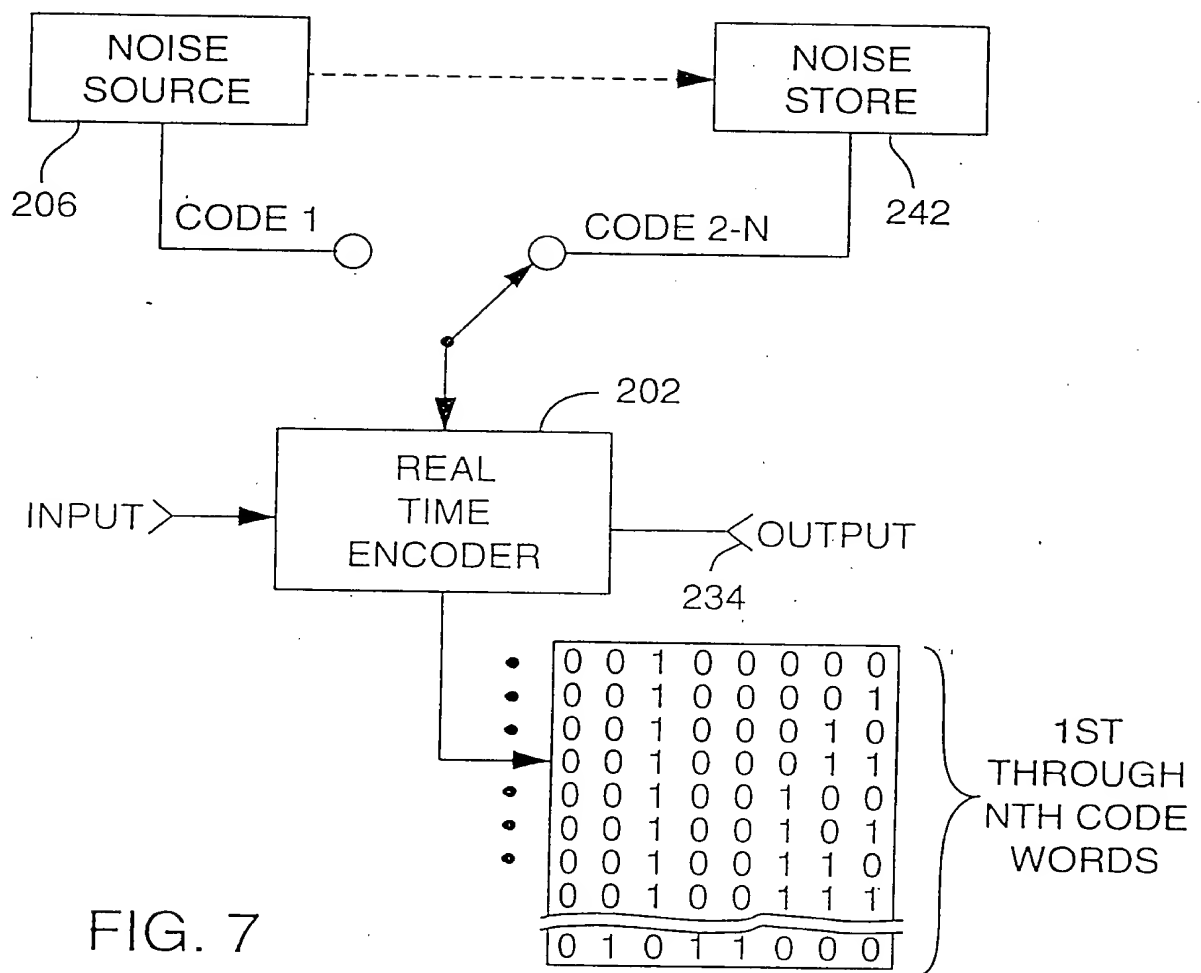


FIG. 9A

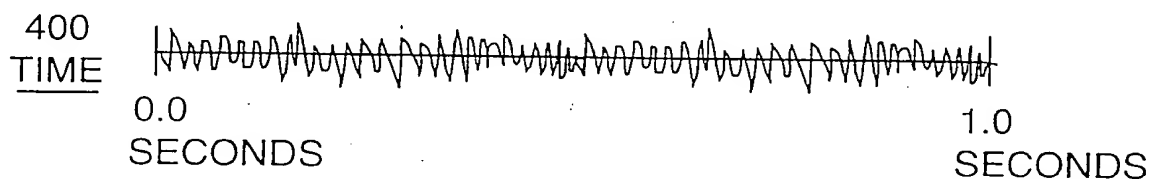


FIG. 9B

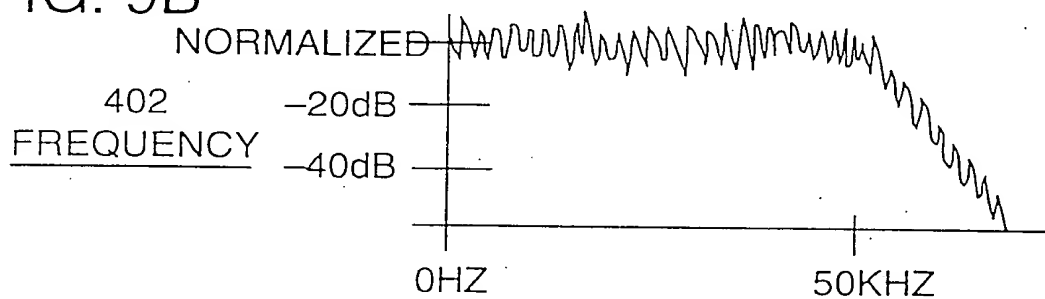


FIG. 9C

BORDER
CONTINUITY
404

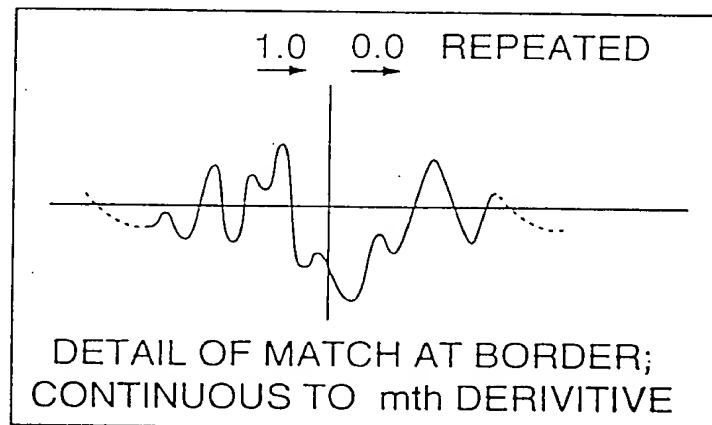


FIG. 10

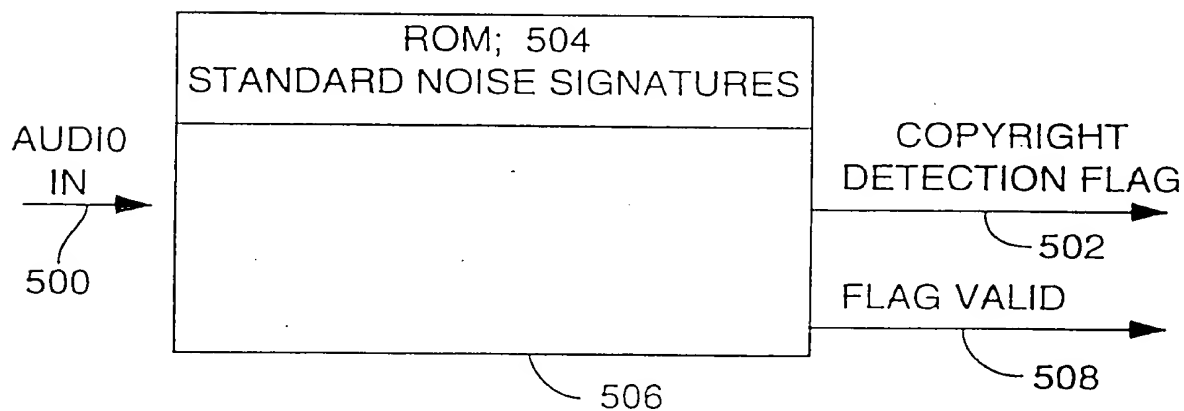


FIG. 11

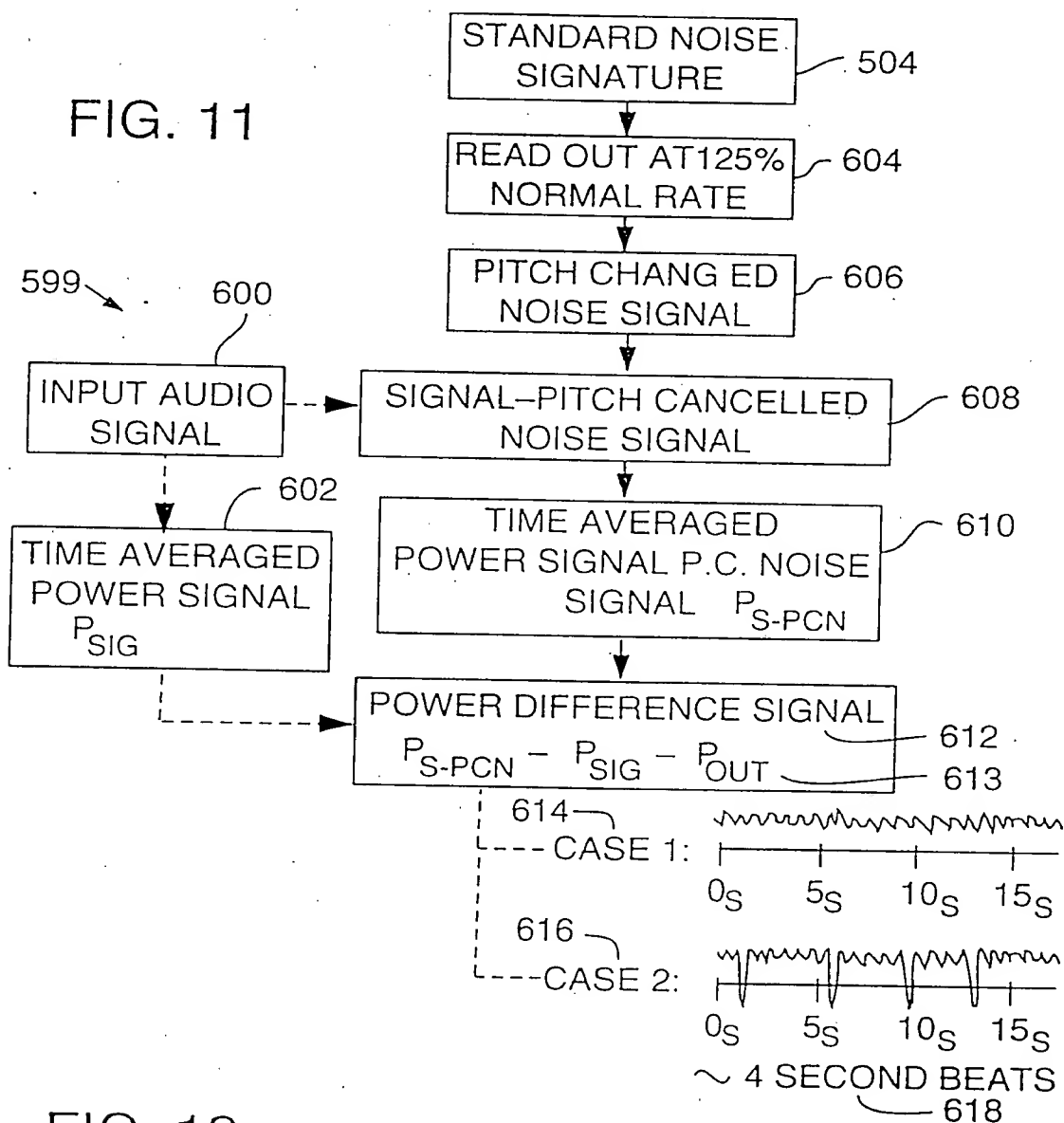
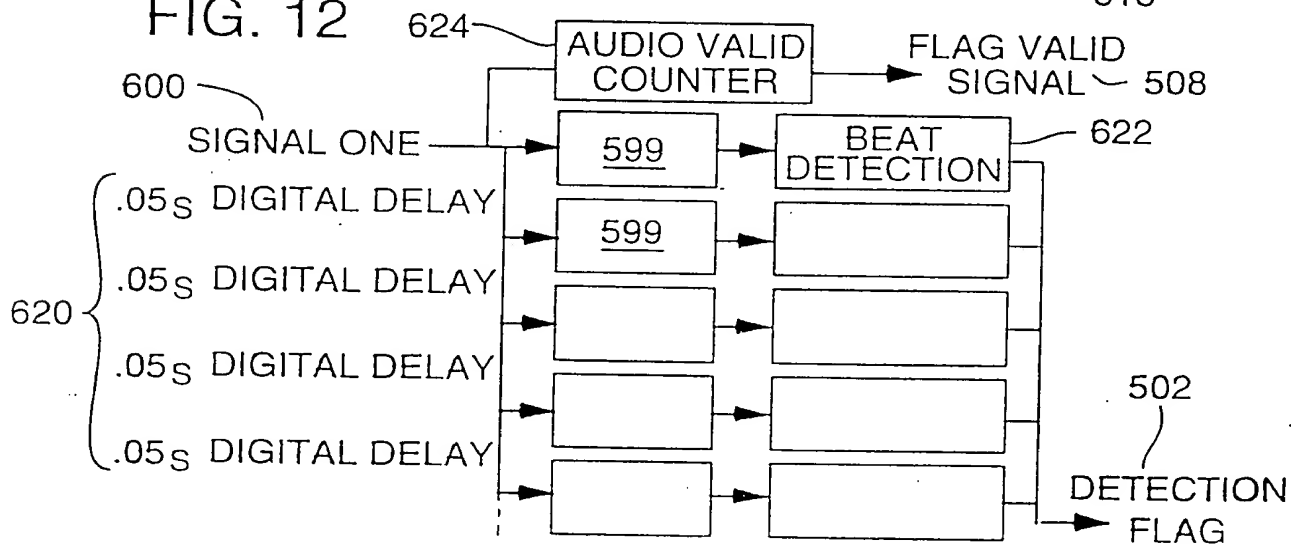
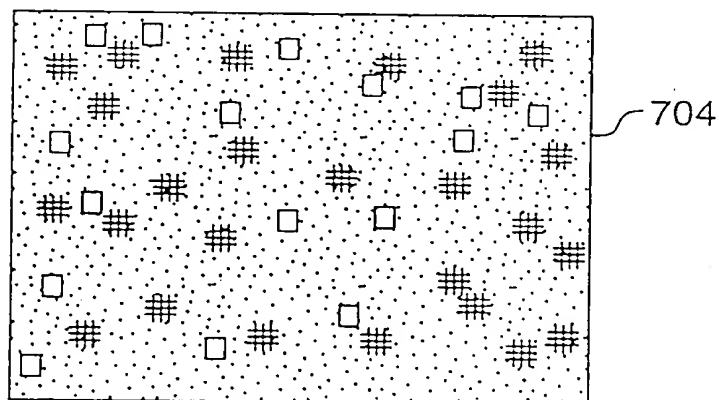
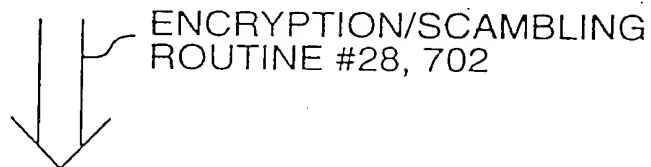
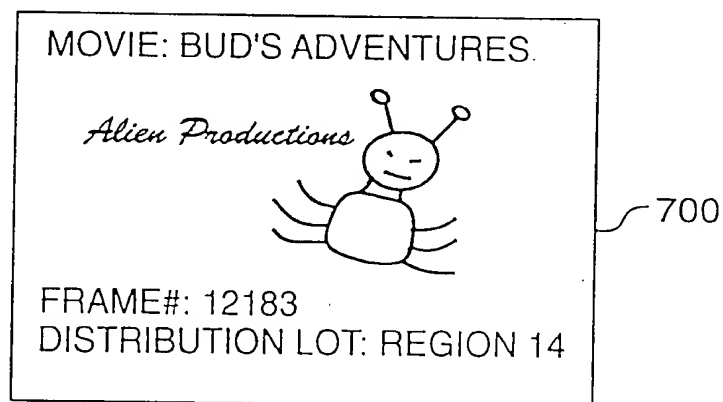


FIG. 12



APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

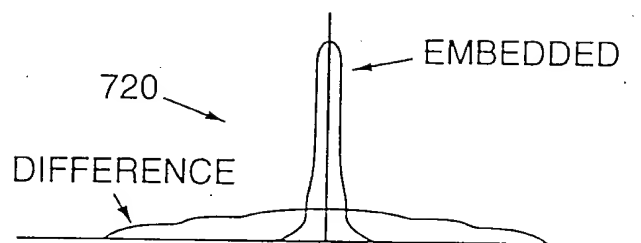
FIG. 13



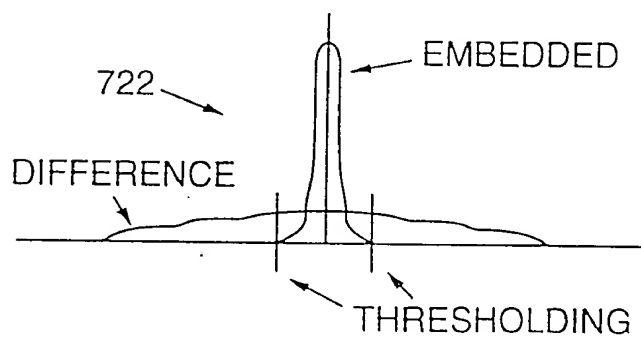
PSEUDO-RANDOM MASTER SNOWY IMAGE
(SCALED DOWN AND ADDED TO FRAME 12183)

APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

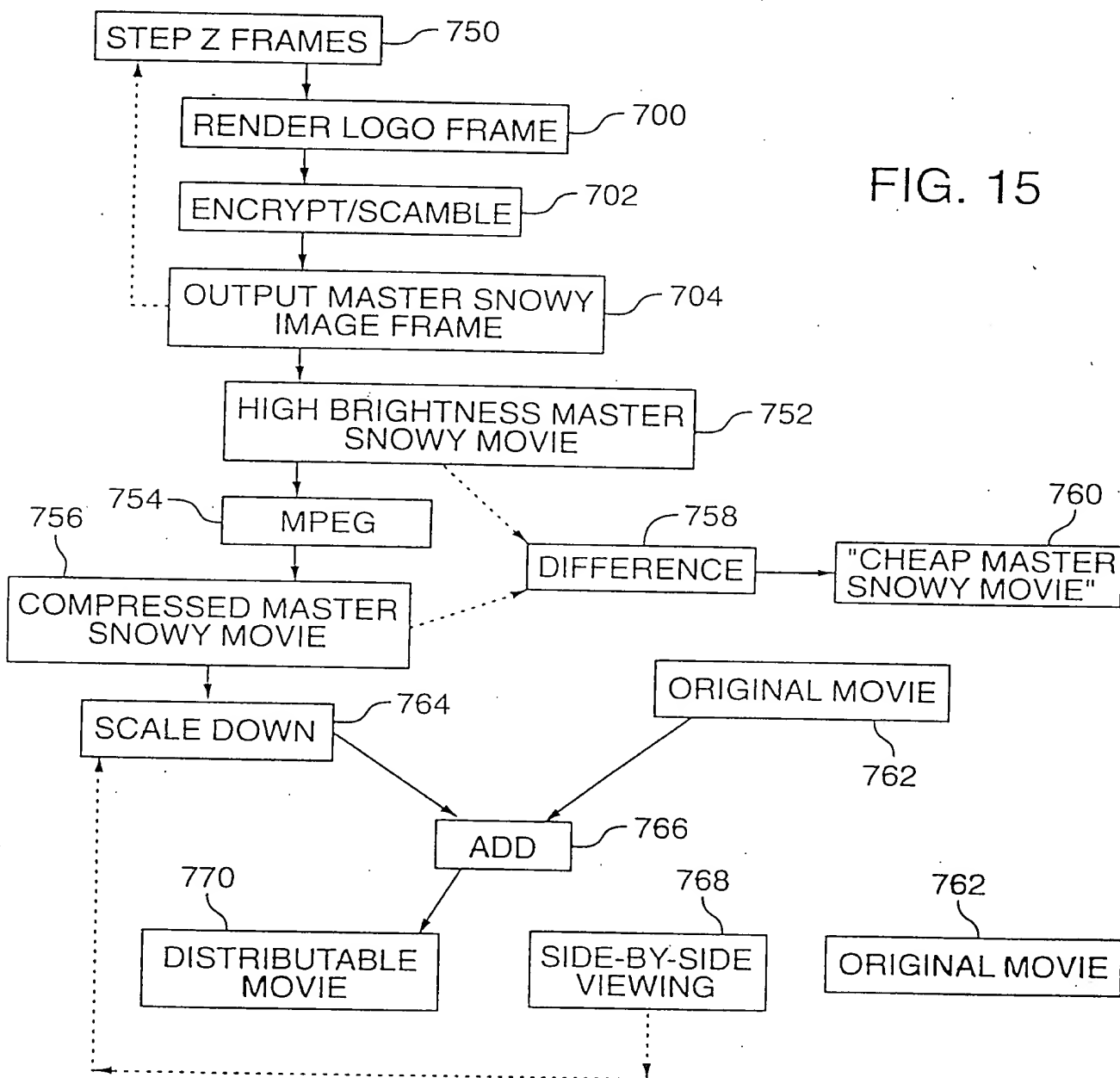
FIG. 14



MEAN-REMOVED HISTOGRAMS OF
DIFFERENCE SIGNAL AND KNOWN EMBEDDED
CODE SIGNAL



MEAN-REMOVED HISTOGRAMS OF
FIRST DERIVATIVES (OR SCALER GRADIENTS
IN CASE OF AN IMAGE)



APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 17

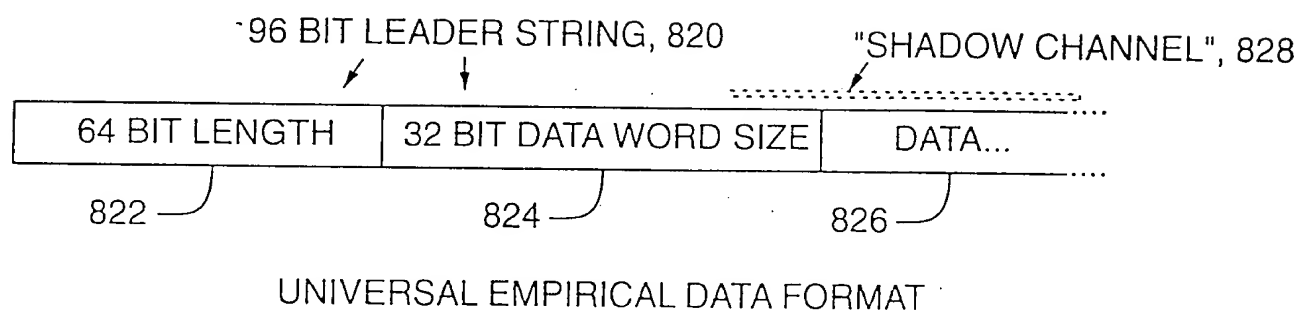
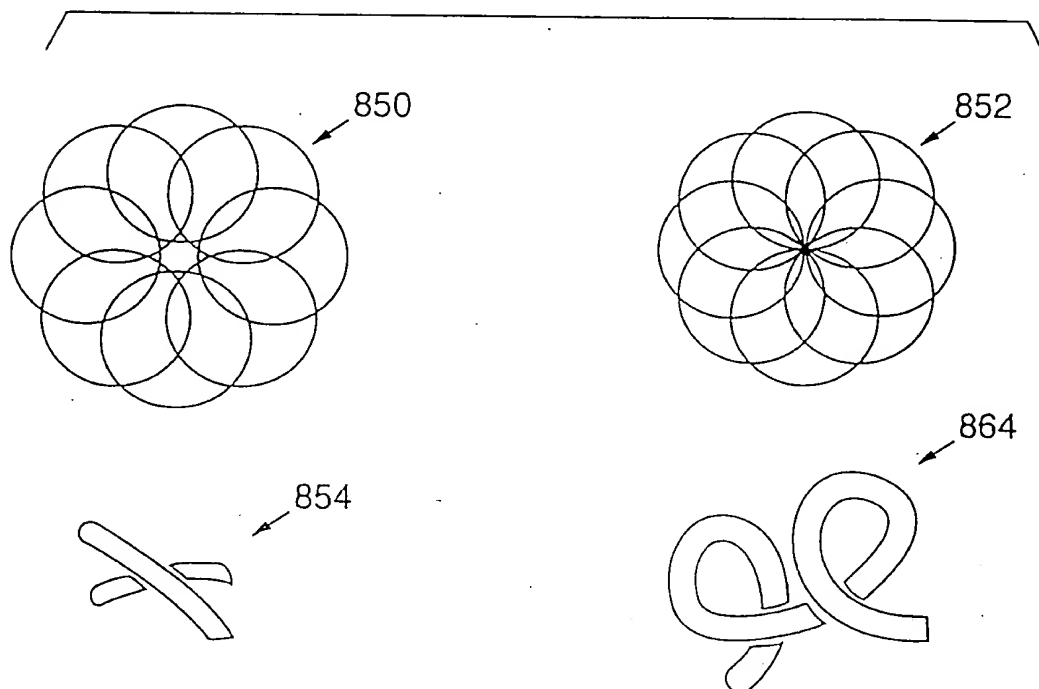
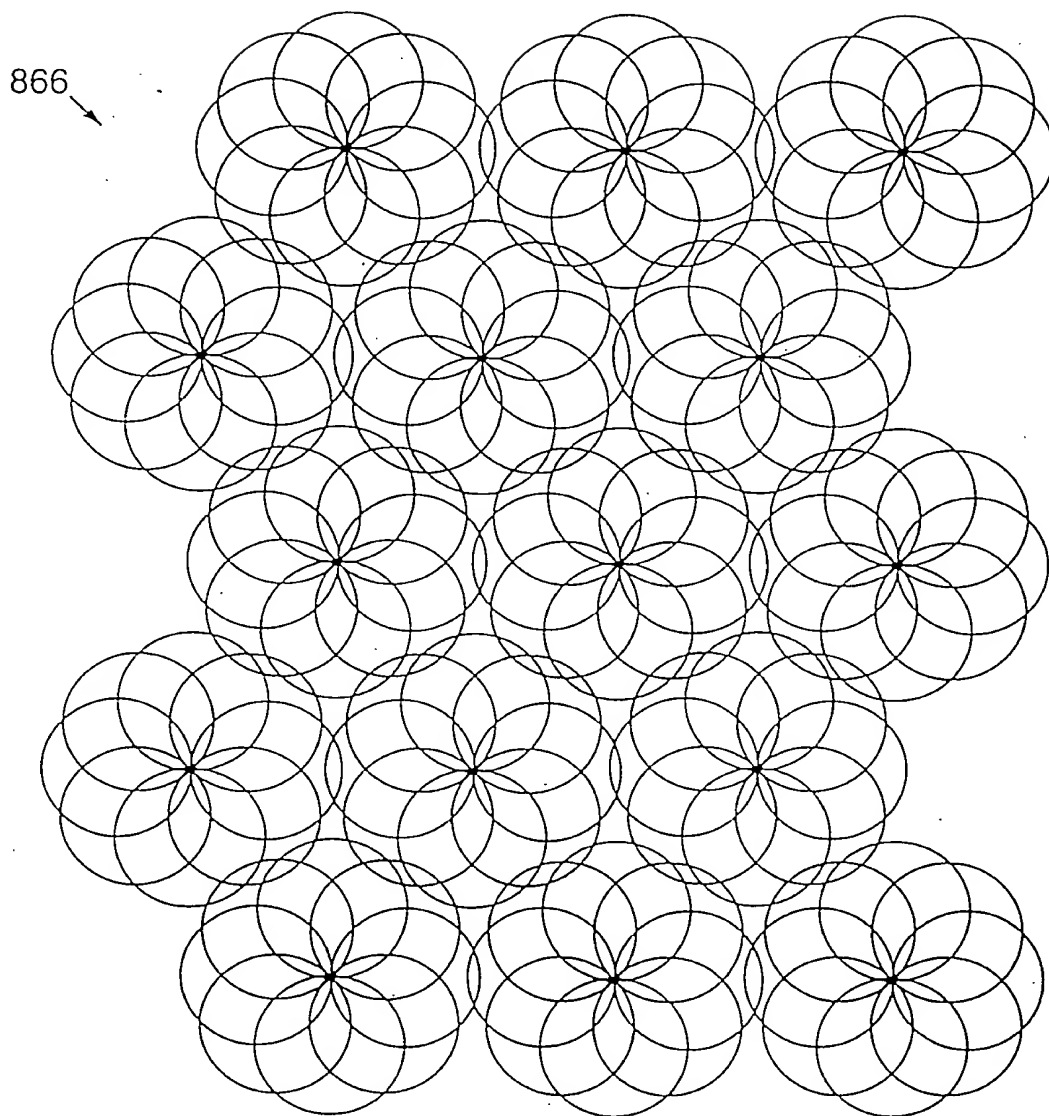


FIG. 18



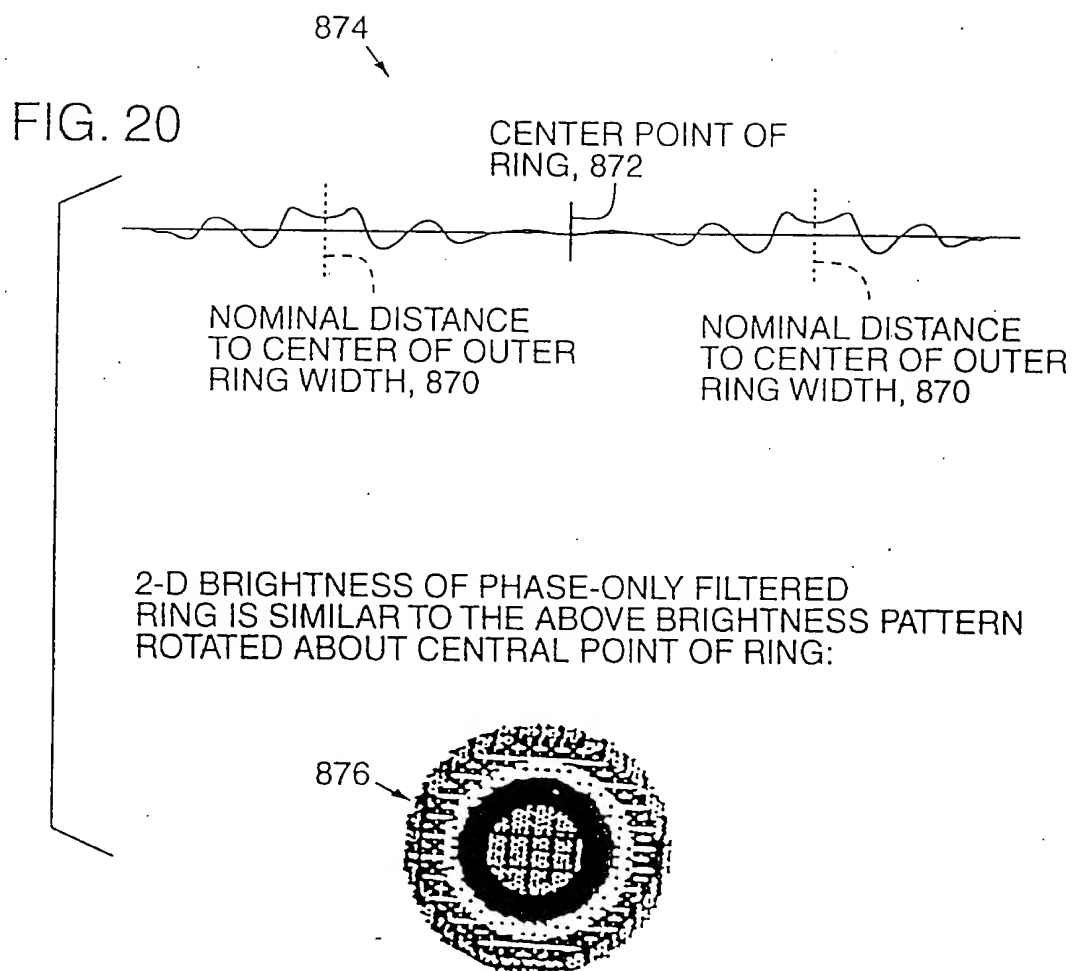
APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 19



QUEST FOR MOSAICED KNOT PATTERNS WHICH "COVER" AND
 ARE COEXTENSIVE WITH ORIGINAL IMAGE;
 ALL ELEMENTAL KNOT PATTERNS CAN CONVEY THE SAME
 INFORMATION, SUCH AS A SIGNATURE, OR EACH CAN CONVEY A
 NEW MESSAGE IN A STEGANOGRAPHIC SENSE

APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		



APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 21A

900 →

C	2C	C
2C	4C	2C
C	2C	C

WHERE $C = 1/16$

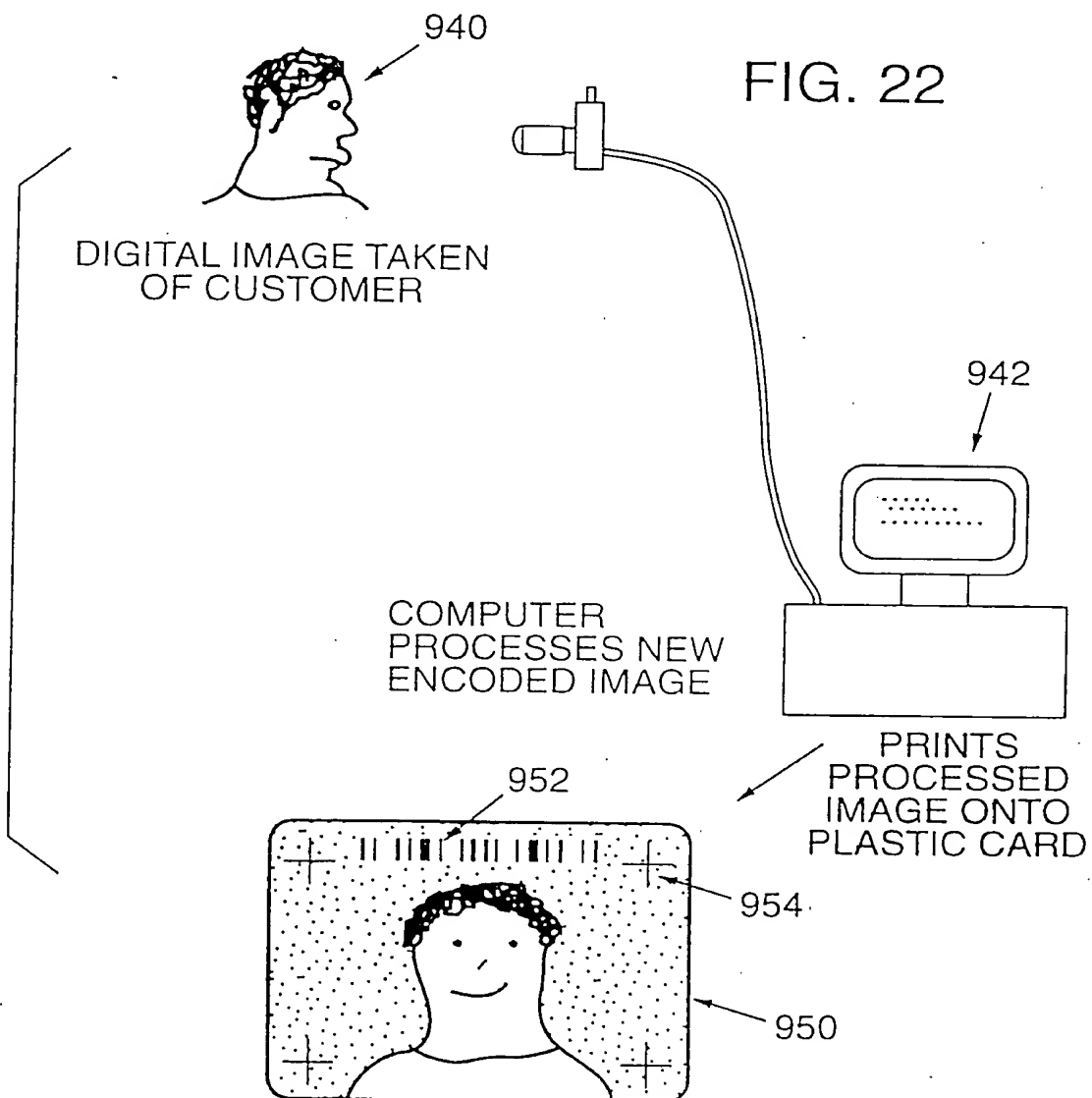
ELEMENTARY BUMP
(DEFINED GROUPING OF PIXELS WITH
WEIGHT VALUES)

FIG. 21B

...	2		3		4		5		6		7		0	...
...														...
...	6		7		0		1		2		3		4	...
...						C	2C	C						...
...	2		3		4	2C	4C	2C	6		7		0	...
...						C	2C	C						...
...	6		7		0		1		2		3		4	...
...														...
...														...

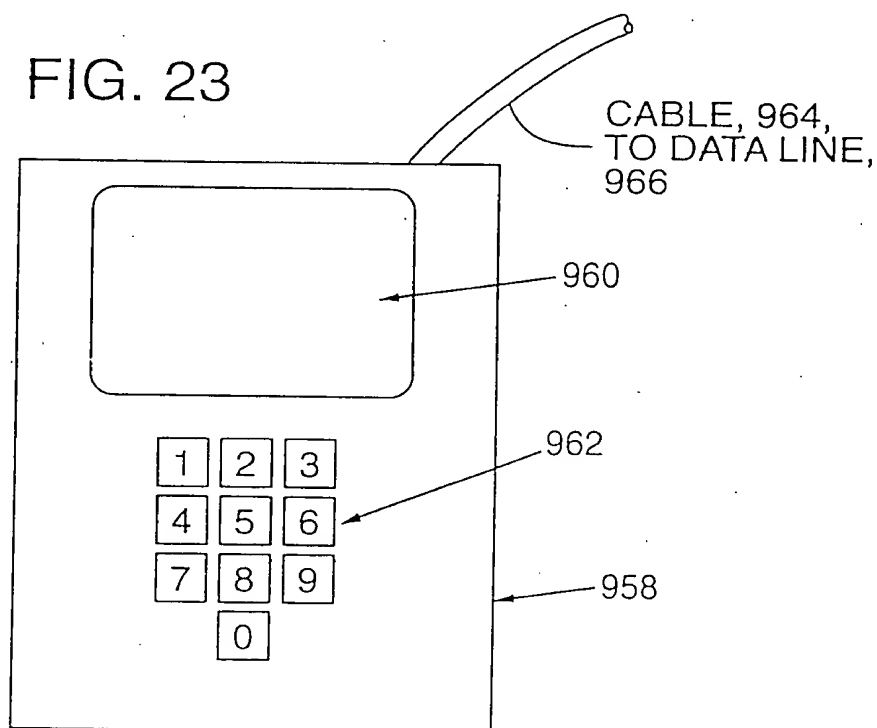
EXAMPLE OF HOW MANY ELEMENTARY BUMPS, 900, WOULD BE ASSIGNED LOCATIONS IN AN IMAGE, AND THOSE LOCATIONS WOULD BE ASSOCIATED WITH A CORRESPONDING BIT PLANE IN THE N-BIT WORD, HERE TAKEN AS $N=8$ WITH INDEXES OF 0-7. ONE LOCATION, ASSOCIATED WITH BIT PLANE "5", HAS THE OVERLAY OF THE BUMP PROFILE DEPICTED.

APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		



APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 23

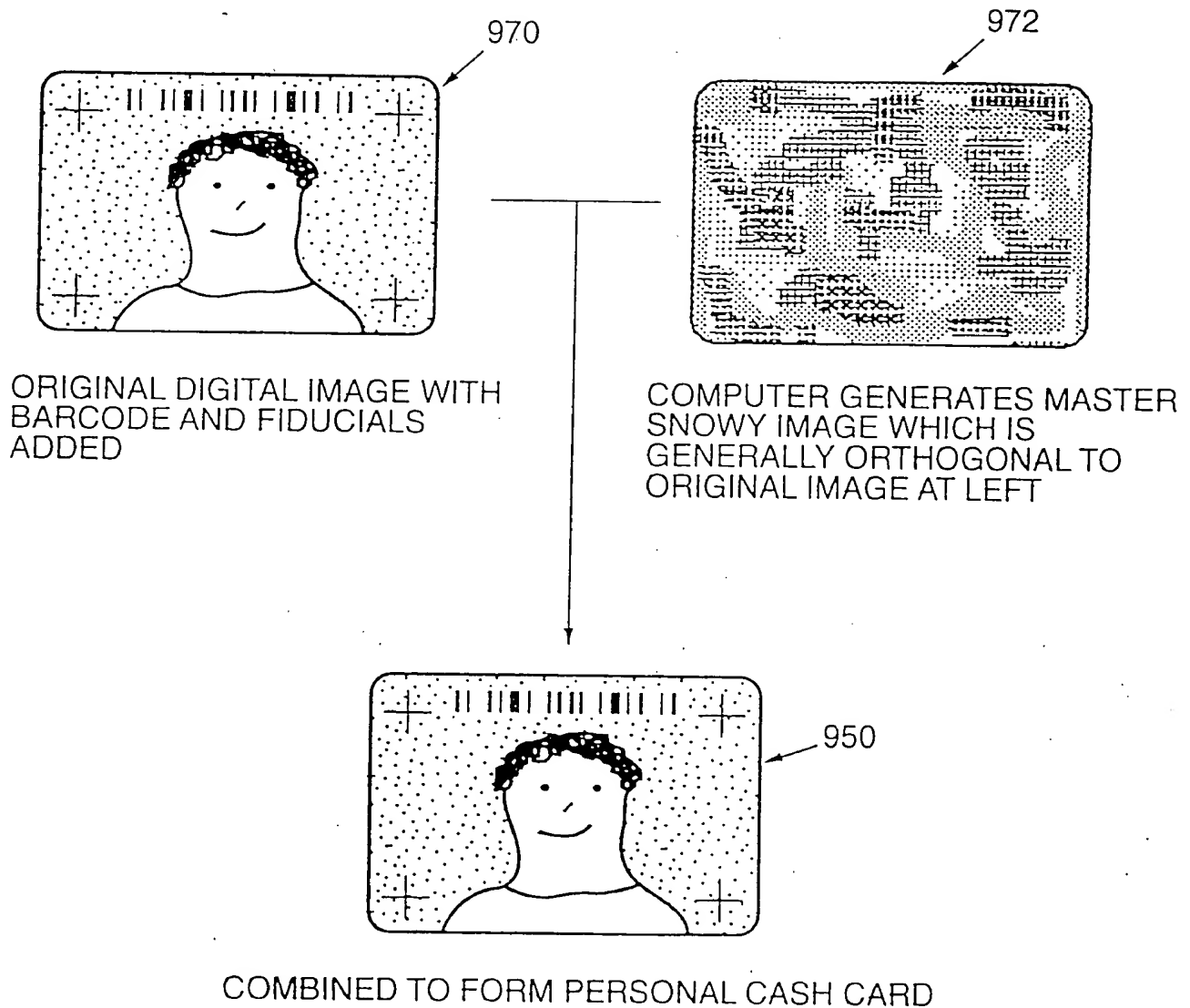


CONTAINS RUDIMENTARY OPTICAL SCANNER,
MEMORY BUFFERS, COMMUNICATIONS DEVICES,
AND MICROPROCESSOR

CONSUMER MERELY PLACES CARD INTO WINDOW
AND CAN, AT THEIR PREARRANGED OPTION, EITHER
TYPE IN A PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER
(PIN, FOR ADDED SECURITY) OR NOT. THE TRANSACTION
IS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED WITHIN SECONDS.

APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 24



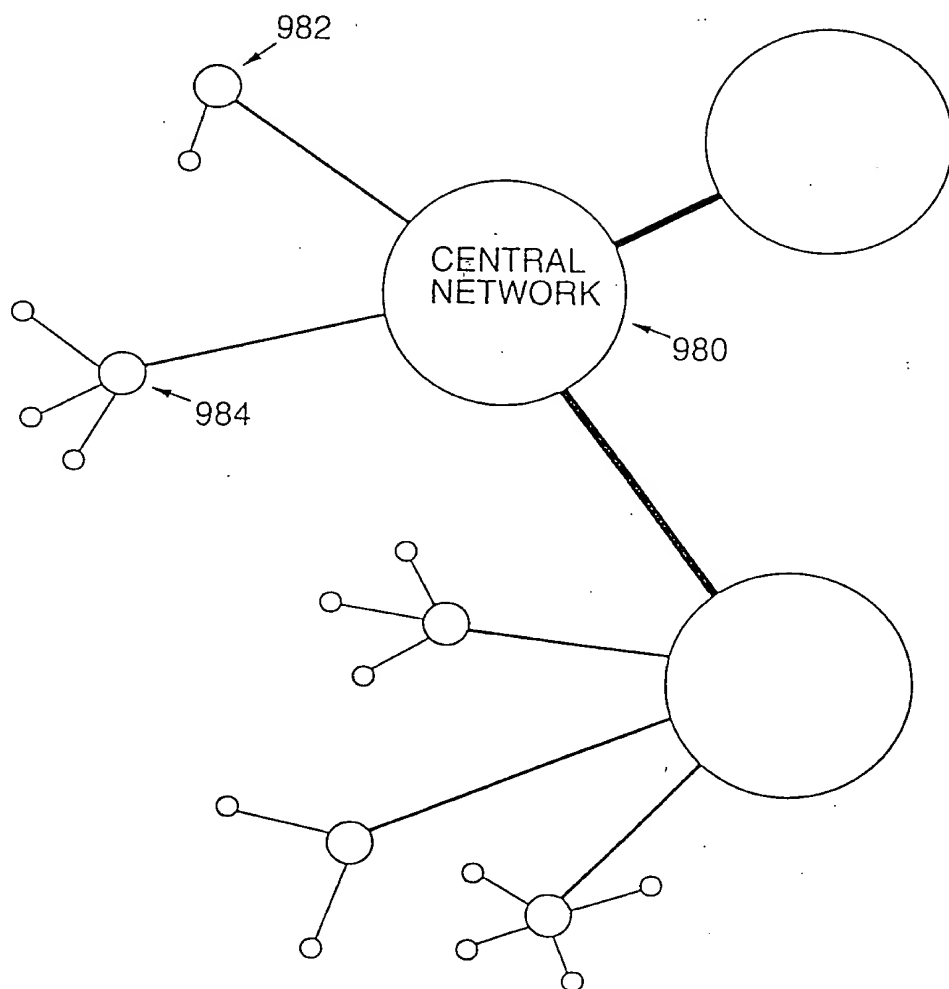
APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 25 TYPICAL TRANSACTION STEPS

1. READER SCANS IMAGE ON CARD, STORES IN MEMORY, EXTRACTS PERSON'S ID
2. OPTIONAL: USER KEYS IN PIN NUMBER
 3. READER CALLS CENTRAL ACCOUNT DATA NETWORK, HANDSHAKES
 4. READER SENDS ID, (PIN), MERCHANT INFORMATION, AND REQUESTED TRANSACTION AMOUNT TO CENTRAL NETWORK
 5. CENTRAL NETWORK VERIFIES ID, PIN, MERCHANT INFO, AND ACCOUNT BALANCE
 6. IF OK, CENTRAL NETWORK GENERATES TWENTY-FOUR SETS OF SIXTEEN DISTINCT RANDOM NUMBERS, WHERE THE RANDOM NUMBERS ARE INDEXES TO A SET OF 64K ORTHOGONAL SPATIAL PATTERNS
 7. CENTRAL NETWORK TRANSMITS FIRST OK, AND THE SETS OF RANDOM NUMBERS
8. READER STEPS THROUGH THE TWENTY-FOUR SETS
 - 8A. READER ADDS TOGETHER SET OF ORTHOGONAL PATTERNS
 - 8B. READER PERFORMS DOT PRODUCT OF RESULTANT PATTERN AND CARD SCAN, STORES RESULT
9. READER TRANSMITS THE TWENTY-FOUR DOT PRODUCT RESULTS TO CENTRAL NETWORK
 10. CENTRAL NETWORK CHECKS RESULTS AGAINST MASTER
 11. CENTRAL NETWORK SENDS FINAL APPROVAL OR DENIAL
 12. CENTRAL NETWORK DEBITS MERCHANT ACCOUNT, CREDITS CARD ACCOUNT

APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	GLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 26
THE NEGLIGIBLE-FRAUD CASH CARD SYSTEM



A BASIC FOUNDATION OF THE CASH CARD SYSTEM IS A 24-HOUR INFORMATION NETWORK, WHERE BOTH THE STATIONS WHICH CREATE THE PHYSICAL CASH CARDS, 950, AND THE POINT-OF-SALES, 984, ARE ALL HOOKED UP TO THE SAME NETWORK CONTINUOUSLY

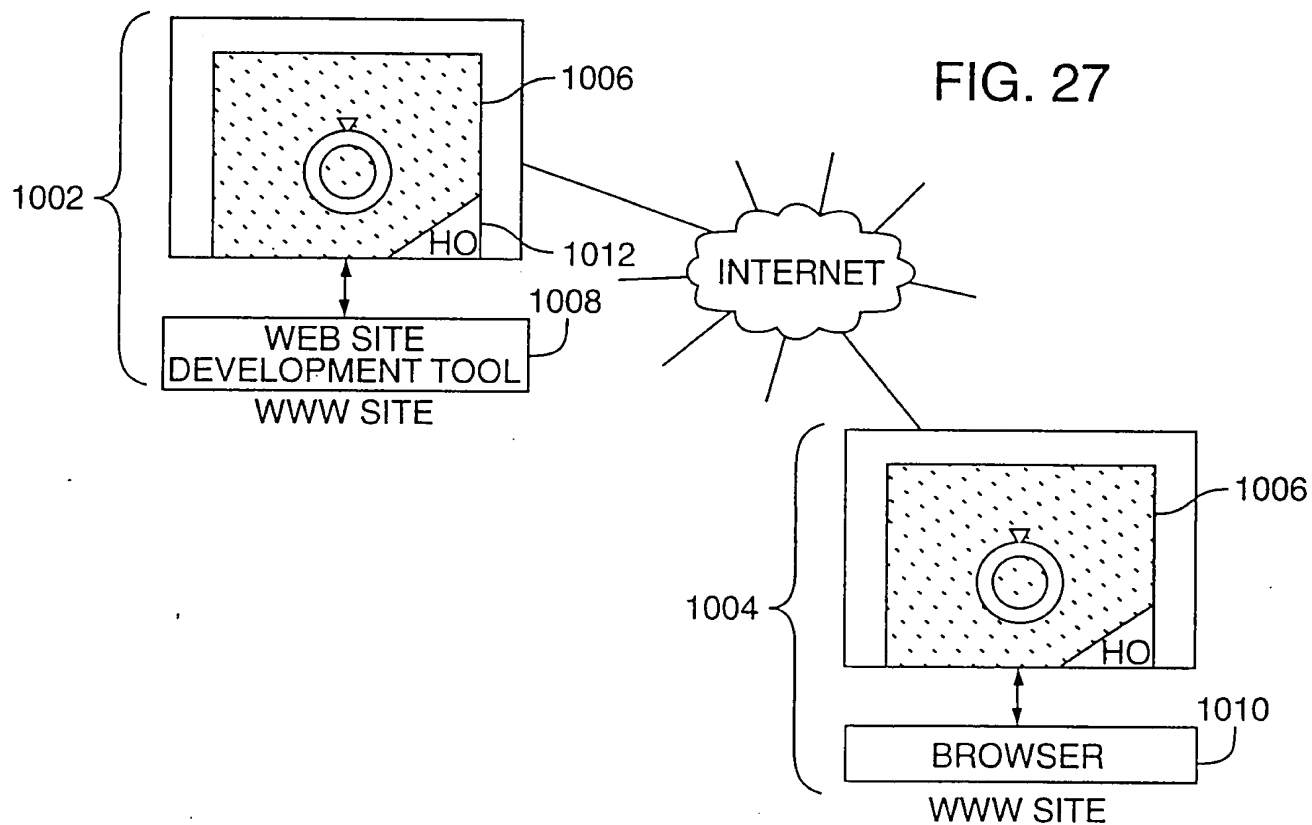
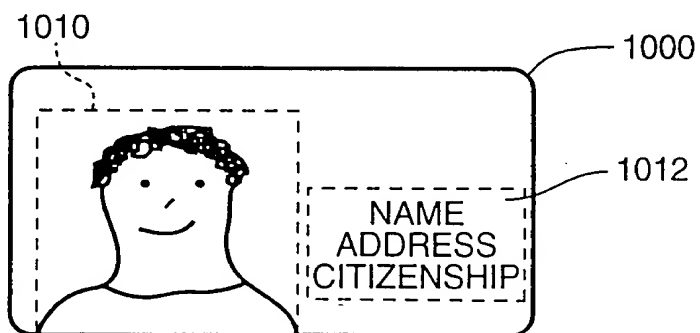


FIG. 28



APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 27A

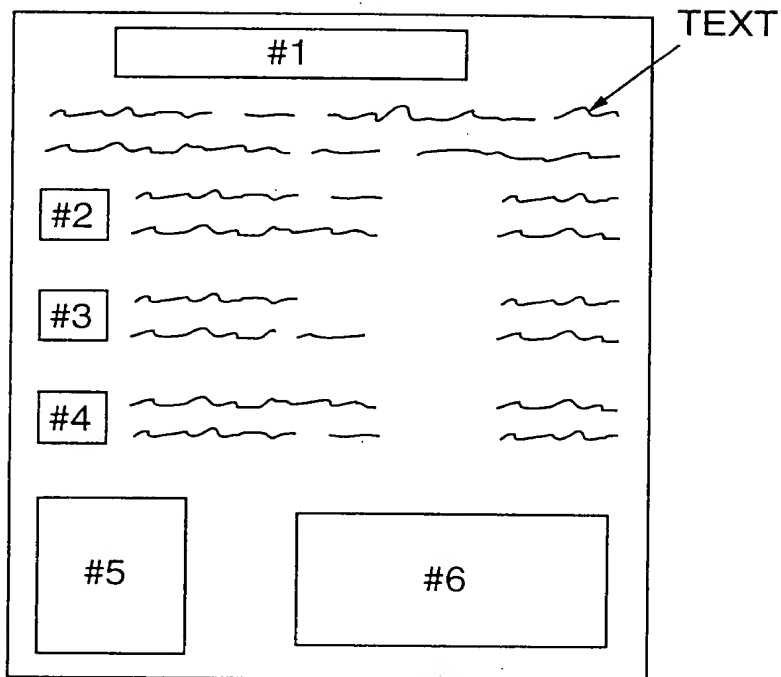
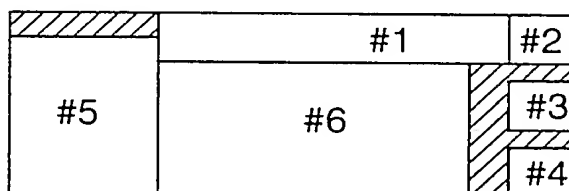
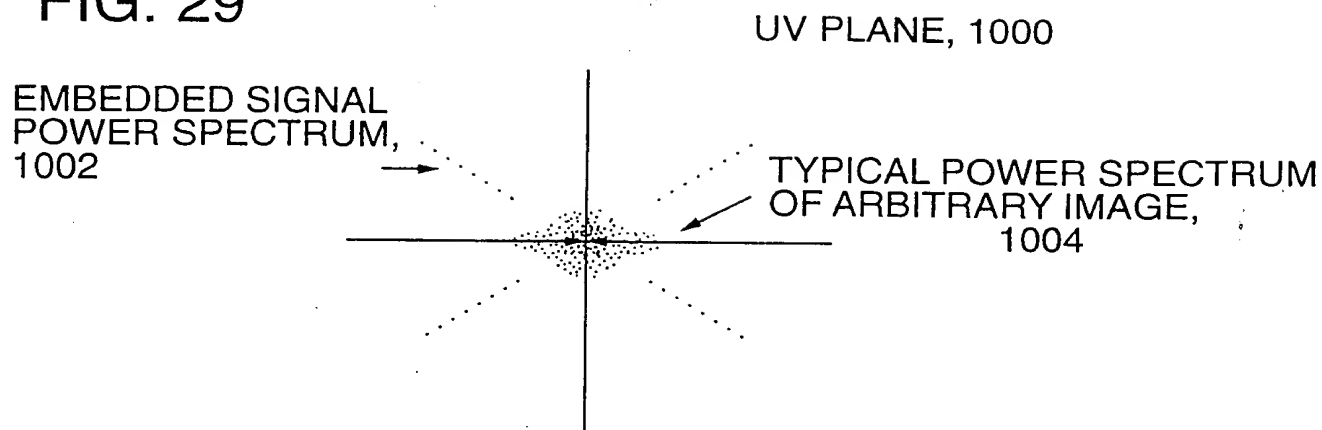


FIG. 27B



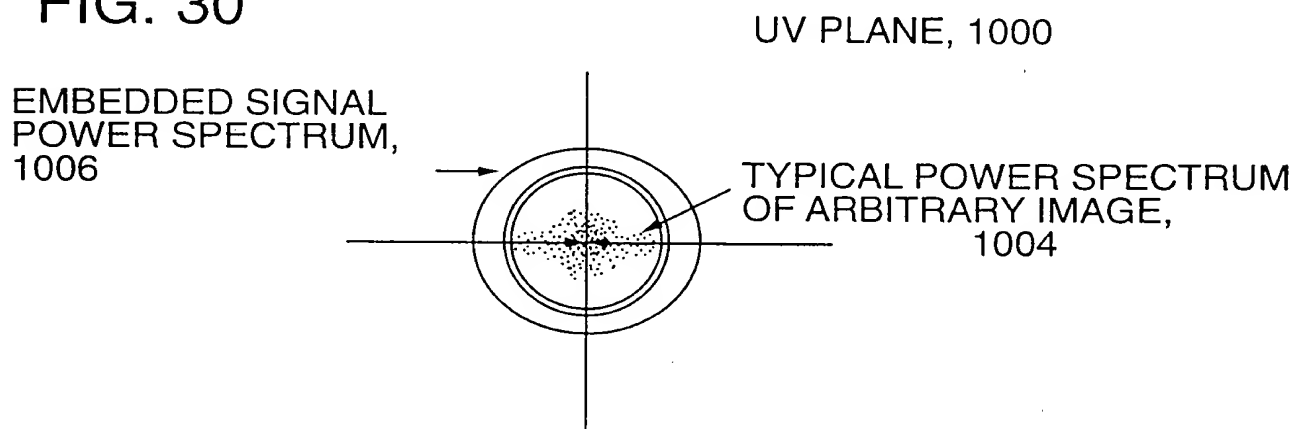
APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 29



NON-HARMONIC SPATIAL FREQUENCIES ALONG THE 45 DEGREE AXES, GIVING RISE TO A WEAWE-LIKE CROSS-HATCHING PATTERN IN THE SPATIAL DOMAIN

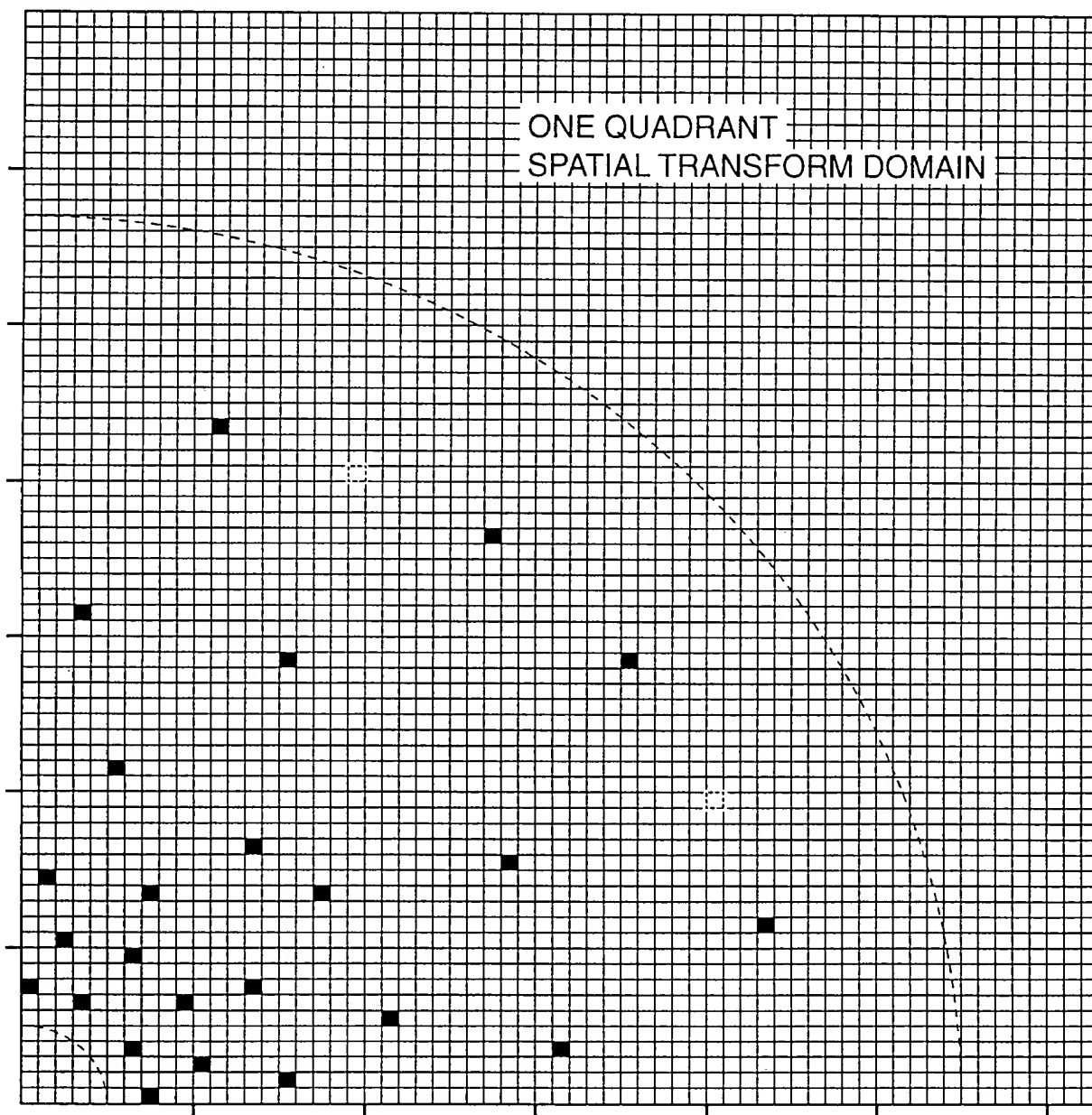
FIG. 30



NON-HARMONIC CONCENTRIC CIRCLES IN UV PLANE, WHERE PHASE HOPS QUASI-RANDOMLY ALONG EACH CIRCLE, GIVING RISE TO PSEUDO RANDOM LOOKING PATTERNS IN THE SPATIAL DOMAIN

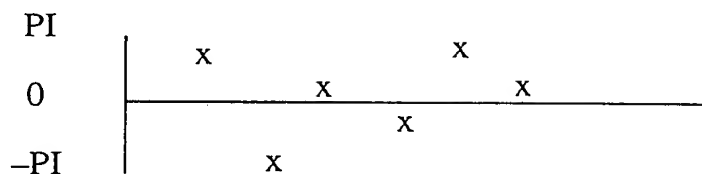
APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	GLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 29A



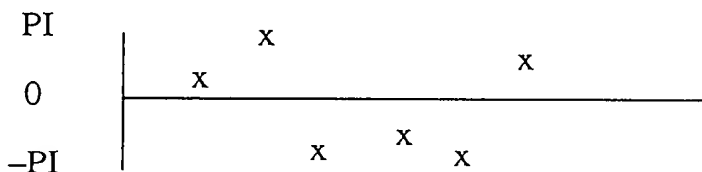
APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 31A



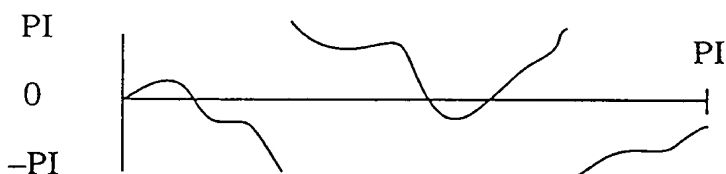
PHASE OF SPATIAL
FREQUENCIES ALONG
FORWARD 45 DEGREE
AXES, 1008

FIG. 31B



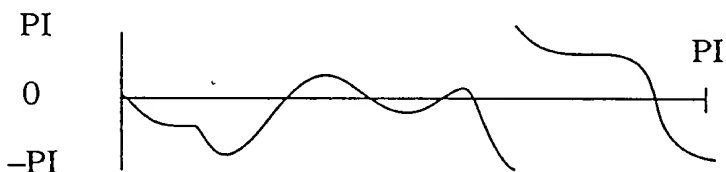
PHASE OF SPATIAL
FREQUENCIES ALONG
BACKWARD 45 DEGREE
AXES, 1010

FIG. 32A



PHASE OF SPATIAL
FREQUENCIES ALONG
FIRST CONCENTRIC RING,
1012

FIG. 32B



PHASE OF SPATIAL
FREQUENCIES ALONG
SECOND CONCENTRIC RING,
1014

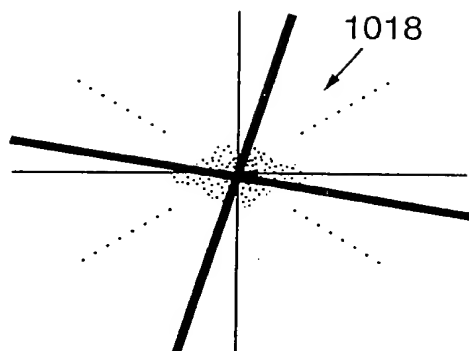
FIG. 32C



PHASE OF SPATIAL
FREQUENCIES ALONG
THIRD CONCENTRIC RING,
1016

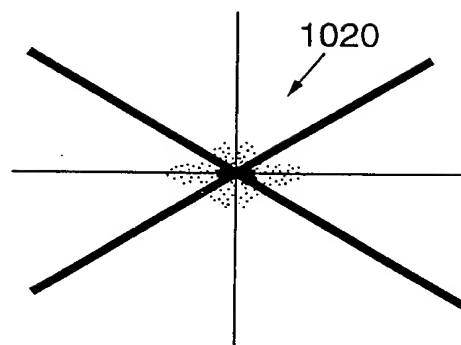
APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	GLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 33A



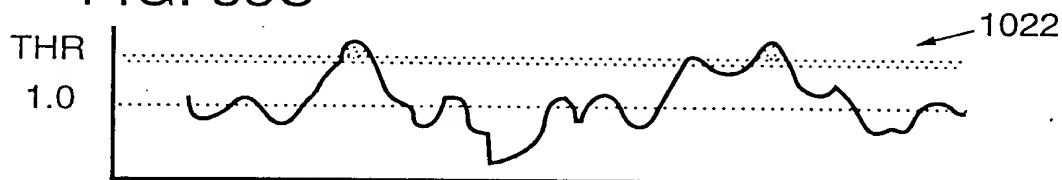
ANGLE A

FIG. 33B



ANGLE B

FIG. 33C



POWER PROFILE ALONG ANGLE A, AS NORMALIZED BY ITS OWN MOVING AVERAGE; ONLY A MINIMAL AMOUNT EXCEEDS THRESHOLD, GIVING A SMALL INTEGRATED VALUE

FIG. 33D



POWER PROFILE ALONG ANGLE B, AS NORMALIZED BY ITS OWN MOVING AVERAGE; THIS FINDS STRONG ENERGY ABOVE THE THRESHOLD

FIG. 33E

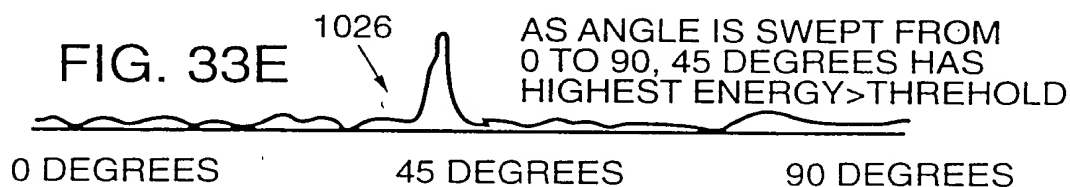


FIG. 34A

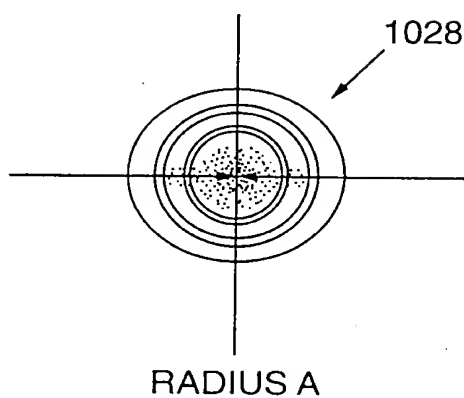


FIG. 34B

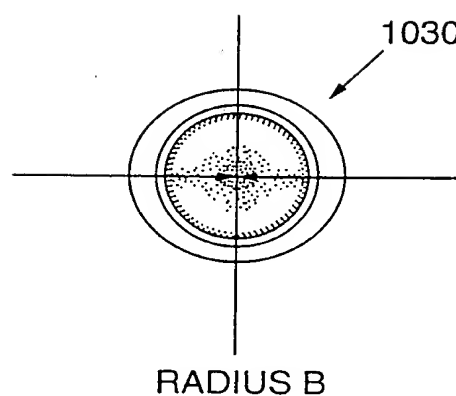


FIG. 34C

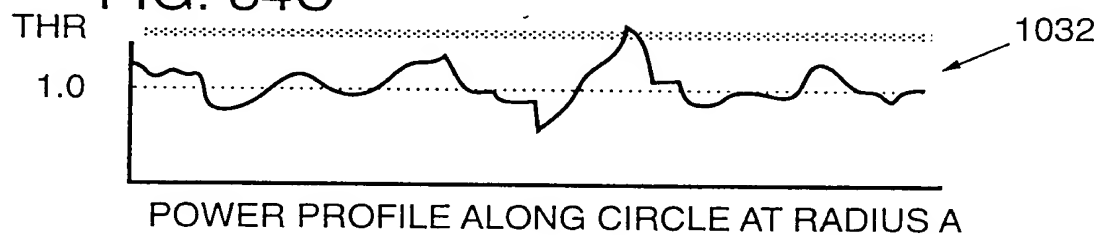


FIG. 34D

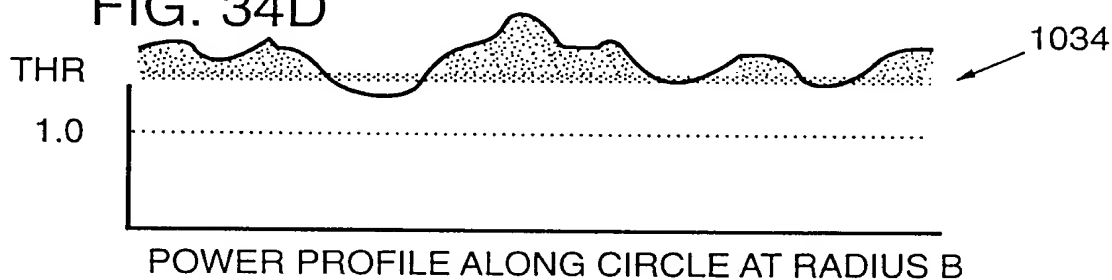
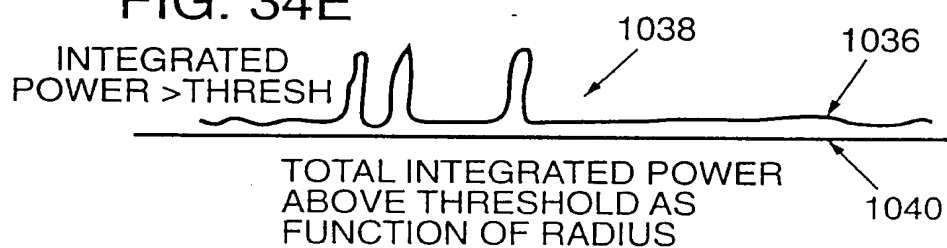
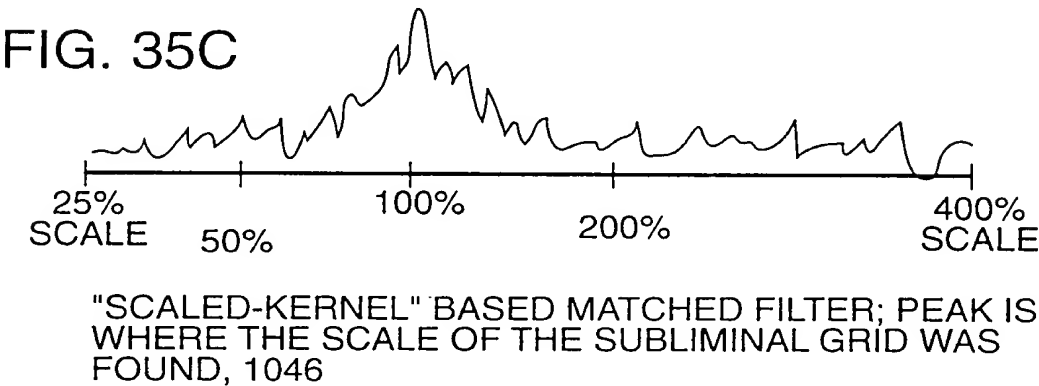
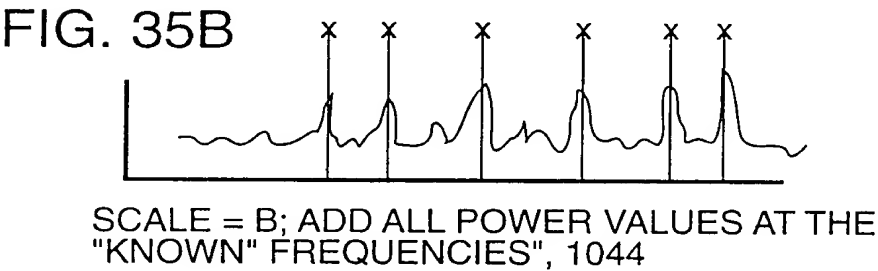
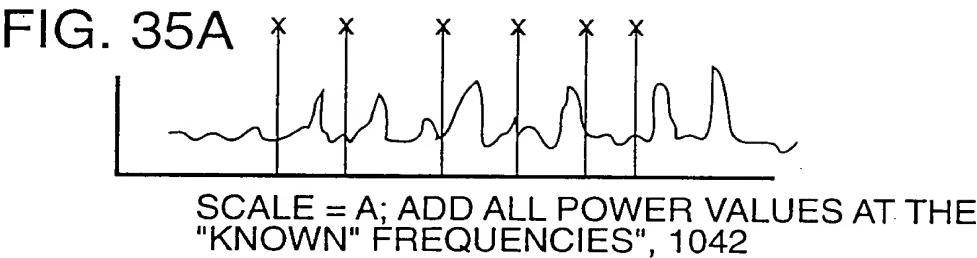


FIG. 34E

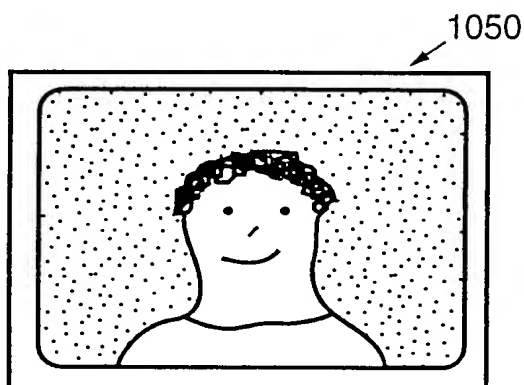


APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		



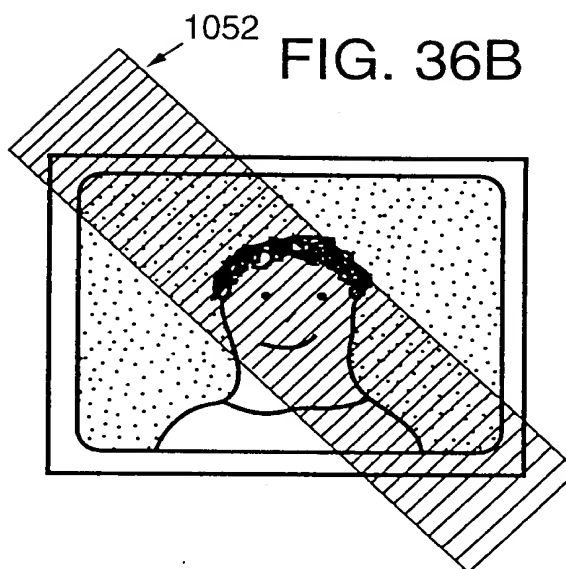
APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 36A



ARBITRARY ORIGINAL IMAGE
IN WHICH SUBLIMINAL
GRATICULES MAY HAVE BEEN PLACED

FIG. 36B



"COLUMN SCAN"
IS APPLIED ALONG A
GIVEN ANGLE THROUGH
THE CENTER OF THE
IMAGE

COLUMN-
INTEGRATED
GREY
VALUES,
1054

FIG. 36C

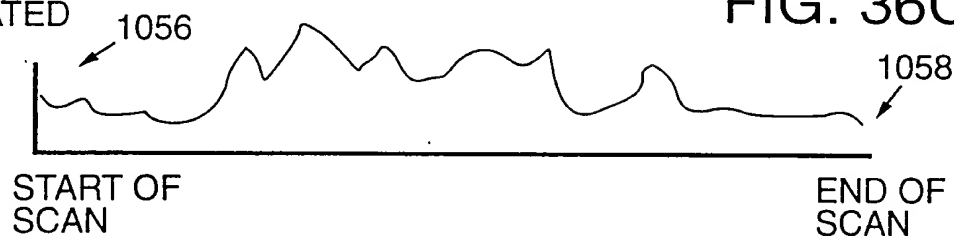
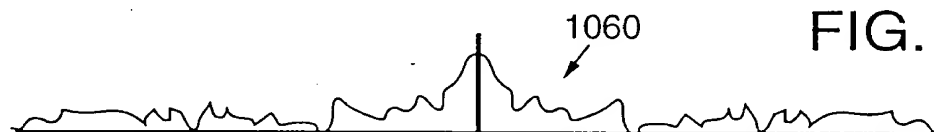


FIG. 36D



MAGNITUDE OF FOURIER TRANSFORM OF SCAN DATA

APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 37

PROCESS STEPS

1. SCAN IN PHOTOGRAPH
2. 2D FFT
3. GENERATE 2D POWER SPECTRUM, FILTER WITH E.G. 3X3 BLURRING KERNEL
4. STEP ANGLES FROM 0 DEGREES THROUGH 90 (1/2 DEG)
5. GENERATE NORMALIZED VECTOR, WITH POWER VALUE AS NUMERATOR, AND MOVING AVERAGED POWER VALUE AS DENOMINATOR
6. INTEGRATE VALUES AS SOME THRESHOLD, GIVING A SINGLE INTEGRATED VALUE FOR THIS ANGLE
7. END STEP ON ANGLES
8. FIND TOP ONE OR TWO OR THREE "PEAKS" FROM THE ANGLES IN LOOP 4, THEN FOR EACH PEAK...
9. STEP SCALE FROM 25% TO 400%, STEP ~1.01
10. ADD THE NORMALIZED POWER VALUES CORRESPONDING TO THE 'N' SCALED FREQUENCIES OF STANDARD
11. KEEP TRACK OF HIGHEST VALUE IN LOOP
12. END LOOP 9 AND 8, DETERMINE HIGHEST VALUE
13. ROTATION AND SCALE NOW FOUND
14. PERFORM TRADITIONAL MATCHED FILTER TO FIND EXACT SPATIAL OFFSET
15. PERFORM ANY "FINE TUNING" TO PRECISELY DETERMINE ROTATION, SCALE, OFFSET

APPROVED	O.G. FIG.	
BY	CLASS	SUBCLASS
DRAFTSMAN		

FIG. 38

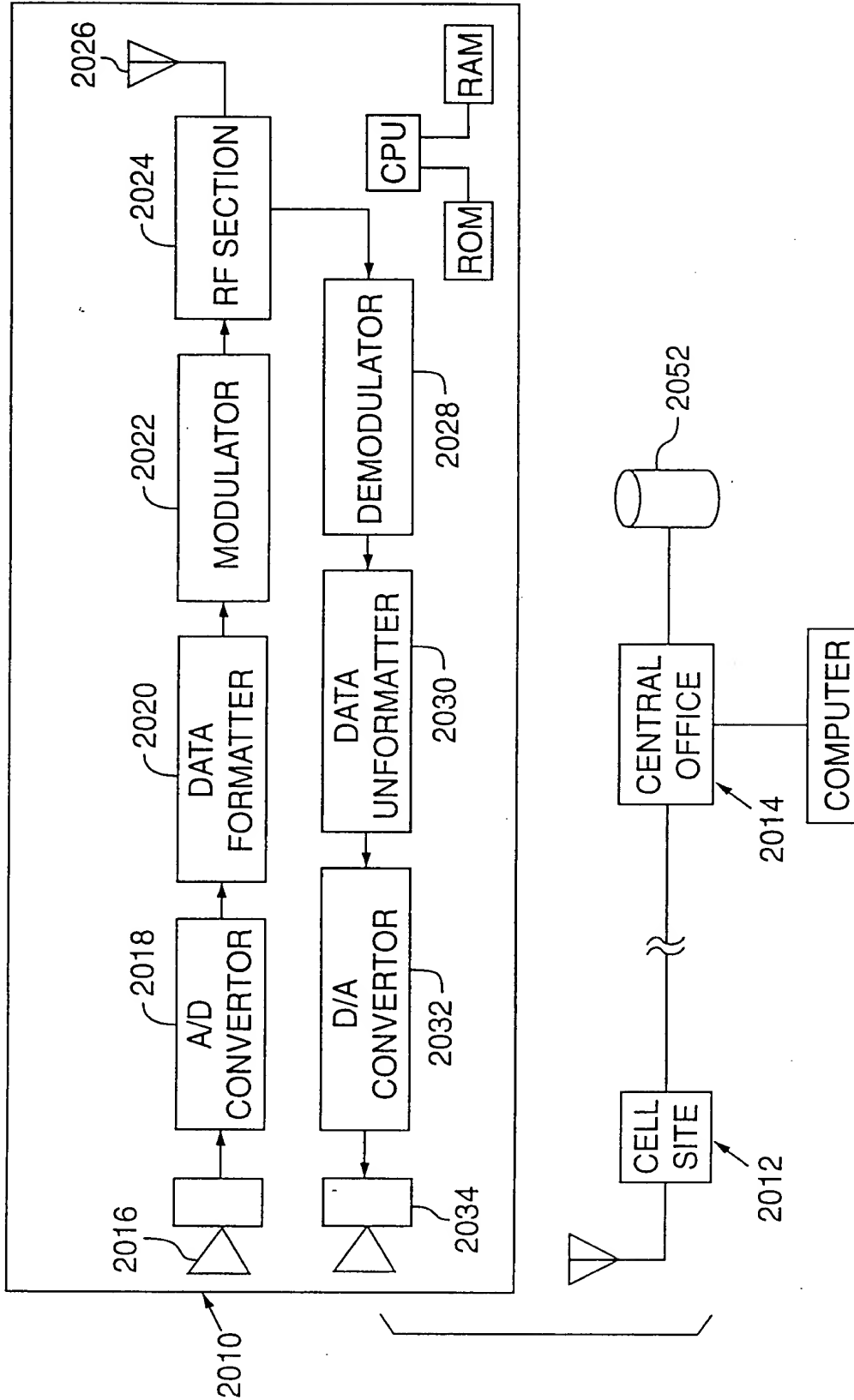
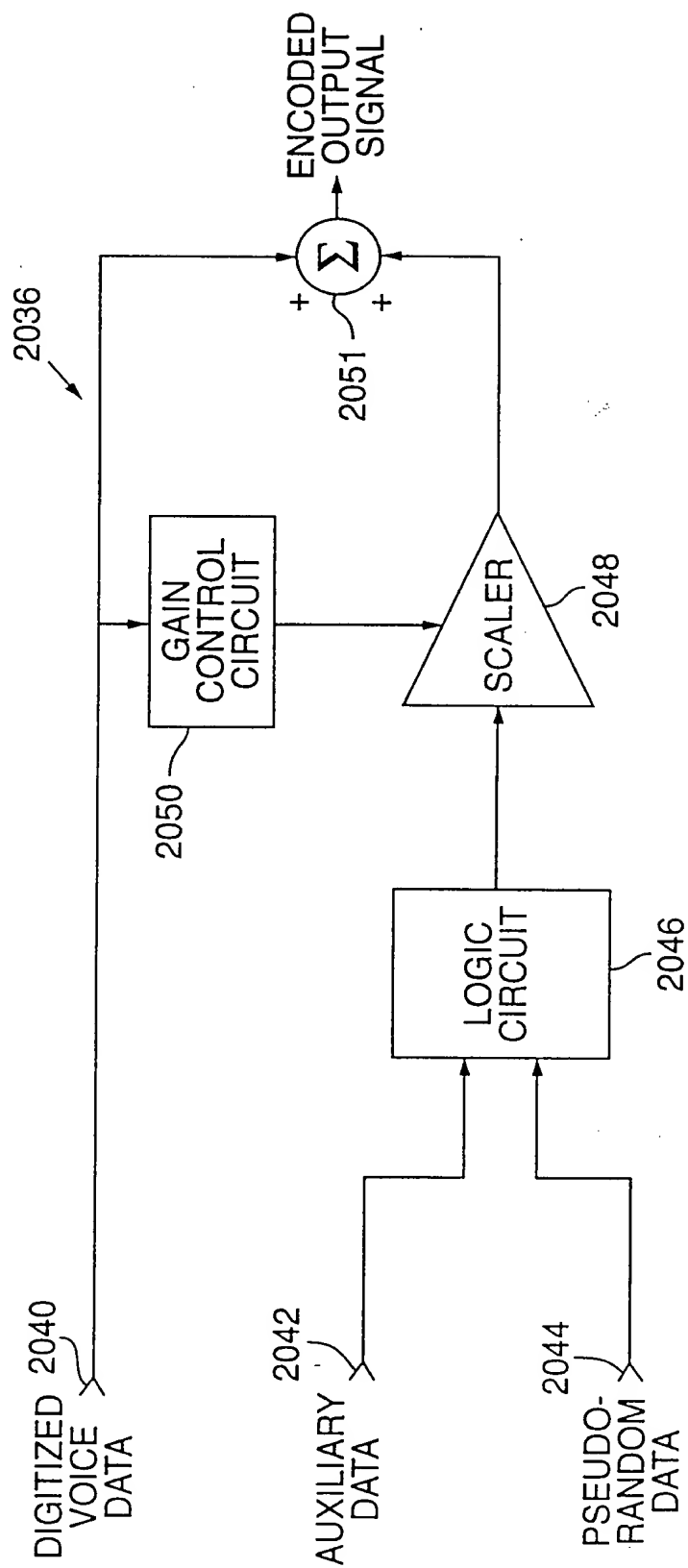


FIG. 39



12

FIG. 40

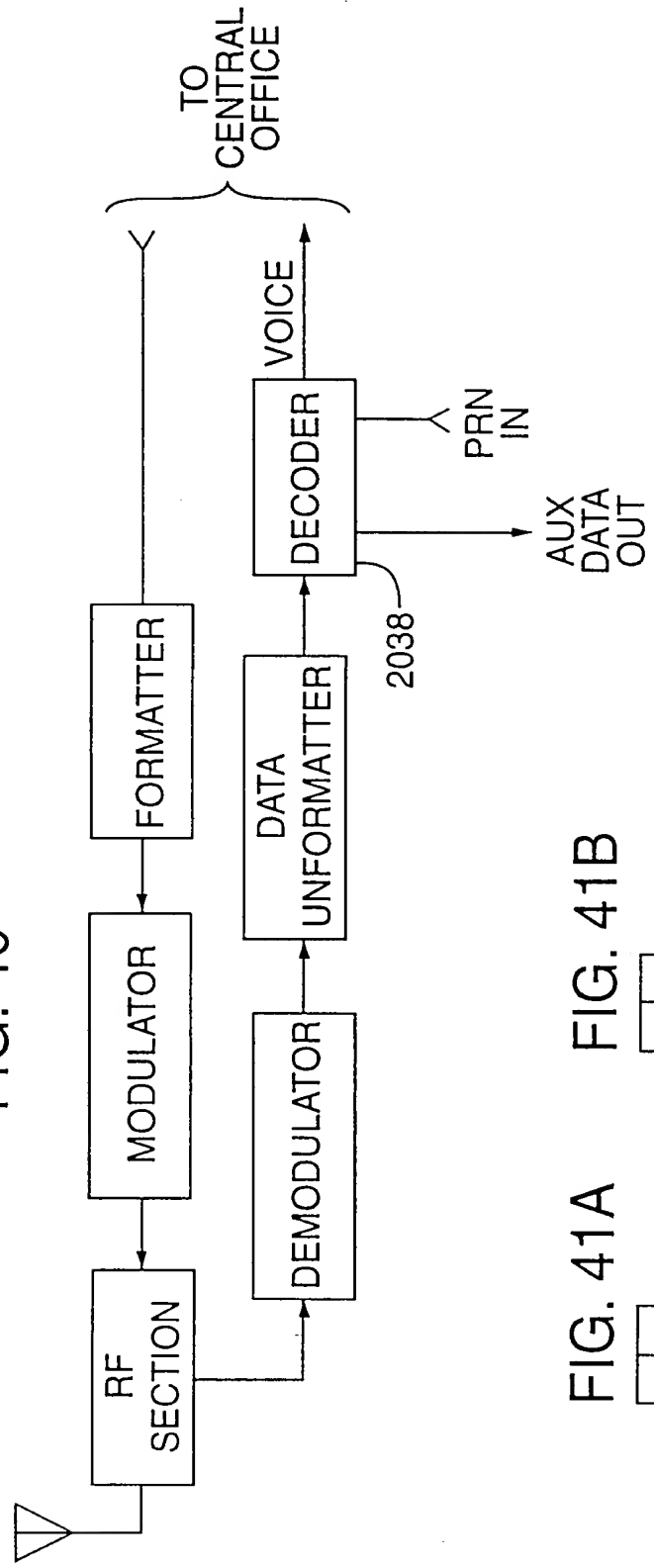


FIG. 41A

+	-
-	+

FIG. 41B

+	-
-	+

